Foods That Provide Iron

Iron is essential for good health, but our bodies can't make it—we have to get it from food.

When planning meals, the type and amount of dietary iron matter.

Excellent Source

Good Source

Source

25% or more of Daily Value

15-24% Daily Value

5-14% Daily Value

WELL-ABSORBED IRON (heme)

Calculated based on 100g, cooked portion



















Liver (beef and chicken), oysters, mussels, venison, moose

Beef, bison, goat, clams, sardines

Lamb, veal, pork, duck, rabbit, chicken, turkey (dark meat), herring, mackerel, wild salmon, tuna, rabbit

LESS-WELL ABSORBED IRON (non-heme)

Calculated based on the serving sizes outlined in Health Canada's Table of Reference Amounts for Food



















Instant oatmeal (iron-fortified), breakfast cereals (iron-fortified), dark chocolate (70%–85% cocoa)

Lentils, white beans, hemp seeds, tahini, enriched pasta, cooked spinach, blackstrap molasses Eggs, seeds (pumpkin, chia, sesame), beans (kidney, black, baked), chickpeas, nuts (cashews, almonds, pistachios, hazelnuts), green veggies (peas, Brussels sprouts, raw spinach, asparagus, arugula, beet greens, kale, rapini, bok choy), soy (tofu, enriched soy beverage, soy nuts, edamame), grains (enriched white and whole wheat bread, quinoa), prune juice, fancy molasses, canned tomatoes, dried apricots

TIP: Check food labels - iron amounts can vary depending on the brand.

FOODS <5% DV (these do not qualify as a source of iron):

Meats: turkey breast

Seafood: rainbow trout, farmed salmon, shrimp, scallops, lobster walnuts, Brazil nuts, pecans, peanuts and peanut butter

Fruit: raisins, dates, figs, prunes enriched long grain rice

Vegetables: potatoes, sweet potatoes, romaine and iceberg lettuce, napa cabbage, corn,

broccoli, gai lan, canned black olives, beets, carrots, fresh tomatoes

Iron-packed recipes





Source of iron content for Daily Value (DV) calculations: Health Canada, Canadian Nutrient File 2015.